SAN FRANCISCO.
. W. SPAULDING
thing & Repairing
ABLISHMENT,
f Fremont street be-
Front and Battery.
N FRANCISCO
PAULDING'S PATENT FALSE
erted in circular saws.
RING in all its branches, such as
Toothing Straightening, etc
LAR SAWS of all sizes also Cr
ing Bunk Butcher and Hand-saws
ether with a good assortment of
owest market rates
el faced PLANER KNIVES and MO
TERS always on hand or made to
ER.
KNAPP, BURRELL & CO.,
Merchants, Portland, Oregon, are
ll Agents for Oregon Washington &
sent through them by telegraph or
d at same rates as if sent to me di-
the Unfortunate!
DR. GIBBON'S
DISPENSARY,
623 Kearny Street,
Established in 1854, for the
ment of Sexua and Se
such as Gonorrhœa,
Stricture syphilis in all
Seminal Weakness, Impo
Their Diseases etc. pa
cured or no charge.
SEMINAL WEAKNESS.
the consequence of
ary vice, or depraved sexual habi
by the youth of both sexes to an
period, producing with terrifying
following train of morbid symp
by scientific medical measures,
, dark spots under the eyes,
ringing in the ears, noise like the
and rattling of carriages,
of the limbs, a dislike to form
position to shun
Blotches, pimples and
ost the face, furred tongue,
impaired nightsweats, mor
ity.
CURED AT HOME.
ence may be CURED
to Dr Gibbon,
th of time the d
promptly forwarded, free
securely, to any part of the
and plainly directed. By
in your next letter that
Wells, Fargo & Co., a
will be forwarded to any part
DR J F GIBBON,
Box 1 967, San Fr
YOUNG MEN
from the
tion, will do well to
ion of this, the greatest boon ever
ing humanity, Dr. Sta
to forfeit $500 for
or private disease
ter which he
Remember, therefore
suffer who may read
that you are losing upon
no longer delay in
for your complaint. You
the first
that if you
can render you no
will be cheerfully
of many can bring
ess but the broken
will convince you. If of the
a case to
still or best
Bond
with full
address
DR. A. B. STEINER
Street, San Fran
ADVERTISEMENTS.
No. 1884.
TO CHANGE AND
made at the
1 does ordain as follows
owners of more than
thereby having
of Yamhill street, in
and is hereby
as 1845 feet above the
Council Oct 12, 1876.
W. B. CALDWELL,
Auditor and
Oct 26, 1876.
J. A. CHAPMAN
No. 1836.
ANCE TO PROVIDE FOR THE
removing that part of
the south curb line
in Pine street, from
way of the
Ordains as follows
does ordain as
lying down
it and the same is hereby
in a branch sewer, shall
hereinafter
ber, 1876.
the
the trench shall be
and water tight
the contractor, who
and the trench filled, regu
of street improvement
as good as
the time of commencing
as the Committee may
may direct to be
other improvements
The improvement shall con
of Terra Cotta pipe
size, from a point at or
line of each street to connect
Pine street, with manhole
, sockets and branches
the Committee on Streets and
, the work to be done
to be strictly in accor
and "Specifications on file
of the Auditor and Clerk marked "
for a branch sewer in Ac
The expenses of said
to the real city directly bas
the collector, which tax
of the
during its pen
or any loss or
or neglect.
The Committee on Sta
am hereby authorized to, adv
for bids and enter into contr
the lowest bidder or bidd
in this Ordinance
The improvement shall be
of the Committee on Str
and the Superintendent of
Council Oct. 18, 1876.
W. S. CALDWELL
Auditor and
Oct 20, 1876
J. A. CHAPMAN
Ordinance No. 1837.
ORDINANCE MAKING APPROPRIA
Street Lamp Fund
Council do ordain as follow
of Portland
1. The following sums are
out of the Street Lamp Fund
the Street Gas Lamps, two th
lighting the Oil Lamps one thousand
new lamps and repairs, four hundred
the Common Council Oct. 18 1876
W. S. CALDWELL
Auditor and
Oct. 20, 1876
J. A. CHAPMAN
Street Improvements.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT
Common Council propose to improve
hereinafter named as follows
street, from the center line of Second
west line of Fourth street by grading
walks and crosswalks where necessary,
gutter 16 inches wide along the south
intersection of Clay and Front st.
sidewalks and crosswalks where ne
cutting in a box gutter 16 inches wide
uth side of the intersection and bring
to grade by filling, in with gravel o
stone
intersection of Columbia and Front
ging the street to grade by filling
or of small broken stone where neces
ce ry sidewalks and crosswalks a
n a box gutter 15 inches wide across
f the intersection or taking up and re
ter with the necessary work thereto
street, from the center line of Third
Fourth street by grading
center line of Fourth street to
sidewalks
ket street from the center line of Fi
center line of Sixth street, by grad
sidewalks and crosswalks where n
W. S. CALDWELL
Auditor and
land Oct. 23 1876
EMIGRANTS, LOOK HE
CAN BUY CHOICE FARMING L
tracts from 40 to 640 acres on cheap te
ation at the office of the OREGON
corner Stark and Fourth s
to $5,000 invested in stock
pays large profits on
Speculators should call or write
book, Men and Idioms of Wall st
Review of Wall street
HECKLING & CO.,
Bankers, 72 Broadway, N
OFFICE BY ASSIGNEE—District of
The undersigned hereby gives
ce of his appointment as
in the county of
Oregon, by the
of the
for the District
Dated this 28th day of
1876.
J. H. MITCHELL
Assignee.

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XVI.—NO. 233

PORTLAND, OREGON: SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1876.

PRICE—TEN CENTS

FOREIGN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

The Murderer Hanged.

LONDON, Oct. 26.—Henry Scales convicted was hanged at Chelmsford this morning by the Sheriff of Essex. This was Scales third victim

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—The Times' correspondent at Belgrade says: The depression here continues. Nothing we are at the beginning of the Russo-Servian army is left un slowly and irresistibly. Now Servia is concluded. Gen Tchernayeff who is generally acknowledged here that Servia Kingdom but this entled the growing dread of Russian the better class of Servians. arrived this day at with the Turkish army Oct. 25th that the Servians Servian left after partly destroy the Turks hold the town and have there.

The Times announces that has died at Nish and goes to Eng mission mainly concerns that Roumania

The Times' correspondent of the fall of Plevna by the Turks, narrative of the the 10th to the 23d inclusive the grand assault by the Grivitza redoubt, Krishin Prince of their de the Russian army has been cut off in the direction of Orchanie. It can, however, retreat. It is not known whether the has left bank of the Mo- immaterial. They can they would be liable to and forced into an angle of the two branches of communications is concluded. her defensive line from Parashin and Cuprinjia. Morava valley with all its

VIENNA, Oct. 27.—Ophir 49½, Mexi 141, Con Va 53½ 78, Point 11½, Hale & 3 82, B & B 481, 46½, Belcher 18, Sierra 37, Bullion 36, Exchequer Belcher 70, Justice 24½, Lady Bryan 3, Julia 7½, 2, 8 Hill 9¾ Ubell New York 1, Sheridan 21, K 21, Andes 2, 45c, Cromer 1½ Valley 5c, Eu Con 13, Leopard 6¾, Gila 70c Bella 25½, Manhat New Coso 2¾, G Valley 7½, S Nevada 11½, Con B & B 48¾, California Con 15½, Ophir 50¾ Mexican 29, Kentuck

LONDON, Oct. 27.—Consols for money 94 7-16, account 94 7-16. Bonds 5 per cents 104½, 4 per cents 103½. Stocks firm. Bar silver 54½d per ounce. Paris Bourse opened firm. Rentes 114f 50c. Bullion in the Bank of England has increased £1,000 during the week. Arrivals of wheat during the week 72,000 quarters, of which 46,000 were American. Imports of wheat into the United Kingdom during the week 193,000 cwts, of which 124,000 cwts were from the United States. Imports of flour 69,000 sacks, of which 40,000 were from the United States. Sales of English wheat during the week 21,000 quarters. Average price of wheat in England and Wales last week 49s 2d. Average price of wheat in the thirty-three principal markets of the United Kingdom last week 49s 2d. Average price of wheat for the season 49s 2d. Average price of corn in the thirty-three principal markets of the United Kingdom last week 30s 10d. Average price of corn for the season 30s 10d. Mincing Lane—Tea dull. Sugar steady. Cargoes on the coast—Wheat and corn dull. Cargoes off the coast—Wheat and corn dull. Liverpool—Spot cotton dull; middling uplands 6 3-16d; middling Orleans 6 3-16d; sales 6,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000 bales. Futures opened steady; middling uplands low middling clause October delivery 6 3-16d; October and November delivery 6 3-16d; November and December delivery 6 3-16d; December and January delivery 6 3-16d; January and February delivery 6 3-16d; February and March delivery 6 3-16d; March and April delivery 6 3-16d. Futures closed steady; middling uplands low middling clause October delivery 6 3-16d; October and November delivery 6 3-16d; November and December delivery 6 3-16d; December and January delivery 6 3-16d; January and February delivery 6 3-16d; February and March delivery 6 3-16d; March and April delivery 6 3-16d. Manchester—Yarns and fabrics quiet. Breadstuffs quiet. Pork 67s 6d. Lard 47s 6d. Cheese 60s. Bacon 37s 6d. Tallow 37s 6d. Petroleum 8d. Linseed oil £28 10s. Spirits turpentine 29s 6d. Rosin 7s 6d. Common turpentine 9s 6d. Clover seed 37s 6d. Refined petroleum 11d. Antwerp—Petroleum 50f. Paris—Bourse opened firm. Rentes 114f 50c. Bullion in the Bank of France has increased 1,000,000f during the week. Receipts of wheat during the week 1,000,000f, of which 1,000,000f were from the United States. Receipts of flour during the week 1,000,000f, of which 1,000,000f were from the United States. Sales of wheat during the week 1,000,000f. Average price of wheat in the thirty-three principal markets of France last week 1,000,000f. Average price of wheat for the season 1,000,000f. Average price of corn in the thirty-three principal markets of France last week 1,000,000f. Average price of corn for the season 1,000,000f. Antwerp—Petroleum 50f. Paris—Bourse opened firm. Rentes 114f 50c. Bullion in the Bank of France has increased 1,000,000f during the week. Receipts of wheat during the week 1,000,000f, of which 1,000,000f were from the United States. Receipts of flour during the week 1,000,000f, of which 1,000,000f were from the United States. Sales of wheat during the week 1,000,000f. Average price of wheat in the thirty-three principal markets of France last week 1,000,000f. Average price of wheat for the season 1,000,000f. Average price of corn in the thirty-three principal markets of France last week 1,000,000f. Average price of corn for the season 1,000,000f.

MOTHER SHIPTON'S PROPHECIES

NOTHING BUT FOREIGN FORGERIES

[New York Journal of Commerce.]

The newspapers that are reproducing the wonderful prophecies now current and ascribed to Mother Shipton are simply the victims of cunning imposters, many of whom in this century have been playing upon the credulity of the people. There was a veritable Mother Shipton who lived in England several centuries ago and who uttered various prophecies some in prose and some in doggerel verse which attracted much attention. The predictions were mostly vague or of such a general character that in almost every generation not to say every year some events would be found to fit them. But the more definite prophecies supposed to be fulfilled in the use of steam on land and sea, the invention of the electric telegraph, balloons, tunnels through the mountains and under the sea, diving suits the use of iron ships, the fresh discoveries of gold, winding up with the prediction that the earth shall come to an end in 1781 are all very modern forgeries. Take the following which we clip from the Boston *Journal of* a few days since

A REMARKABLE PROPHECY.—The following, which is known as 'Mother Shipton's Prophesy," was first published in 1448, and republished in 1641. It will be noticed that all the events predicted in it except that mentioned in the last two lines—which is still in the future—have already come to pass

Carriages without horses shall go
And accidents fill the world with woe
Around the world thoughts shall fly
In the twinkling of an eye
What shall yet more wonders do,
Now strange yet shall be true
The world upside down shall be,
And gold be found at root of tree
Through hills shall ride
And no horse or ass be at his side
Under water men shall walk,
Shall ride, shall sleep shall talk
In the air men shall be seen
In white and black and green
Iron in the water shall float,
As easy as a wooden boat
Gold shall be found and shown
In a land that is not now known
Fire and water shall wonders do
England shall at last admit a Jew
The world to an end shall come
In eighteen hundred and eighty one

The substance of the above is first found in what purported to be a fac-simile reprint of the 1641 edition of Mother Shipton, "edited" by "Edwin Pearson," and published at London a few years ago. It has, however, been still further modernized since its then late issue, to include a hit at one of England's statesmen. The line which now reads—

England shall at last admit a Jew,

read in the reprint we have cited—

England shall at last admit a foe.

In the eighth line, "no horse or ass" has been extended at the expense of the meter to make it more pointed by the addition of the two words in italics; and the two lines—

Water shall yet more wonders do
Now strange yet shall be true,

have been added by a poet who wrote a very lame hand indeed if this was his best.

The use of the word "carriages," as applied to the wheeled vehicle, totally unknown to the times of 1448, when the prophecy was dated, was sufficient to put any thoughtful critic on his guard, and few sensible men admitted the genuineness of the "remarkable" prophecy. A comparison of the reprint with an old edition of Mother Shipton showed that about a dozen of the most clever pieces in the later book were new. After a spirited discussion of their merits, Mr Charles Hindley, of Brighton, came before the public in a letter and acknowledged that the entire piece we have quoted, above, and some ten others more or less striking, contained in his reprint of 1862, were pure inventions of his own, composed to make the issue a successful business adventure. The whole of this remarkable prophecy," therefore, which notes all the modern discoveries and proposes to wind up all mundane affairs in 1881, was first wrought, with many others of like character, out of the brains of Mr. Hindley in 1862.

Before closing, we may notice another invention which was at first passed around as a veritable Mother Shipton prophecy

When princes get tipsy on drink,
And farmers grow thin on no meat
When soldiers look red in their barracs,
And beggars look blue in the street,

When monarchs with purest intentions,
To settle all national qualms,
Assemble in holy convections,
And study the prophets and psalms

Strange things upon wet land and dry land
On wood land and waste land shall be,
And oat land, and wheat land, and rye land
Together be sunk in the sea!

After Mother Shipton had been hunted through in vain for this production it was ascribed to "Nostradamus," but turned out to have been a clever hit at the subject under discussion, in a literary gathering by the poet Praed.

No one can justify this style of literary forgery. Many a person has been greatly disturbed by the supposed fulfillment of all Mother Shipton's prophecies save that which ends the world "in eighteen eighty one." As the first part of these predictions was written only fifteen years ago, when all of it that has been realized was history no great stress need to be laid on the last fearful warning.

THE $1 000 PSALM BOOK.—The Boston *Globe* of Friday says: "There was a great concourse of antiquarians and Historico Genealogical people yesterday morning when the famous Bay Psalm Book was sold. The volume to the ordinary observer looked like a damaged copy of the Scriptures but it was exceedingly valuable in the eyes of many. The first bid offered was $100 the next bid was $500 and it ran rapidly up by $100 bids to $1 000 where the auctioneer dwelt for a few moments and it was finally struck off to Sidney S Ryder a book seller of Providence R I for $1 025. The book was the first ever printed in America and bears date Cambridge 1640. It was originally the property of Rev Richard Mather one of its authors and given by him to Thomas Prince who in turn bequeathed it to the old South Church by will dated October 2, 17 8 and from that time till 1860 the book remained in the custody of the deacons and pastors of that church. In that year it was given by the church through the proper agents to the late Nathaniel Bradstreet Shurtleff M D. After Dr Shurtleff's death the volume was catalogued with the rest of his library by Mr Leonard and would have been sold Dec 2 1875 but for an injunction obtained by the deacons of the Old South church at that time. Since then the matter has been heard by the supreme judicial court of Massachusetts the injunction dissolved and the book adjudged to belong to Dr Shurtleff's estate which is thus able to give to a purchaser a clear and undisputed title. This copy is in the original binding old calf and is also hitchly perfect as regards the printed matter.

GOING BACKWARD.—The State Board of Immigration have tendered their resignation for the obvious reason that no legislative appropriation has been made to assist it in getting them in their exhaustless country on the work of this great branch of public interest. There is one step backward in the history of Oregon as last Tuesday's election will attest. A few days ago it could do the work that gives the united effort and strong rate of immigration of the whole State but we fear it will have been wiser on many and the immediate to have created a fund for the purpose. A few public spirited men convinced of the importance of this measure have given time and money to its development and have already done much to attract and furnish information in regard to our State grants with information in regard to our State grants with information in regard to our State its present condition and future prospects. To have it disorganization the people, and its useful coming apparent to the public welfare under stood, is a blow to the future interests of the State.—*Harrisburg Nucleus.*

PROFESSOR HUXLEY AND EVOLUTION

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

The lectures of Professor Huxley on the subject of Evolution have brought this theory so prominently before the public just now that I have thought you would willingly give place to the following criticism which I find in a recent editorial in the *Journal of Commerce*, of New York. The well known characteristic ability of this paper make the article worthy of special attention from those who are interested in this subject.

H. W. M.

1. The lectures of Prof Huxley may be regarded as among the most important events of late occurrence. It is not to be denied that many minds for years past have been consciously or unconsciously, greatly impressed with the confident assertions of the anti Bible school of theorists—assertions which are in substance, that modern discoveries have furnished proof that the Bible history is a mere myth. The arrogance with which these assertions have been made by the Darwin and Huxley school has with the usual effect of arrogance allied to supposed learning won the respect of many who had not the time the ability or the inclination to study and investigate for themselves, while all that class unfortunately somewhat large, who have a secret desire to overthrow the authority of revelation, have eagerly seized on the crude generalities of the evolutionists and accepted them as final facts, established and conclusive. Students who have followed the evolutionists and carefully watched their reasons and reasoning have always understood that they had no just claim to the name of scientists, and that 'evolution' is not a science. It is but a theory, and they are but theorists. Theory is only a tool of science. But the strong hold which the evolutionists had obtained on the public attention made it very desirable that the American mind should have the opportunity of judging whether their theories had approximated to the domain of true scientific investigation.

Hence Mr Huxley's visit and lectures have been timely and their effect important. This effect may be summed up in a very brief statement. We have no doubt that we express the practically unanimous sentiment of the thinking minds of the country, or of all who have heard or read his lectures, that the doctrine of evolution as explained and illustrated by its great apostle is the most vague of all vague theories. The ardent friends of the doctrine tell us that Prof Huxley has failed to do justice; that there is a vast deal more in it than he has told, that in fact he was not the man to illustrate it. But this we are as competent to judge of as they, and it may be accepted as true that all that can be said in support of the theory has been said, clearly, compactly, ably by the man who is better able to say it thus than any other believer in the theory.

After giving Mr Huxley special commendation for the clearness and simplicity of his style this writer says of him further. He went into the subject with deliberation, uttered no claptrap or bombast, but calmly examined the field, stated as well as he or any believer in evolution could, the weakness of the theory, and then proceeded to develope the line of argument which he regards as conclusive in its support. Therefore the effect on the thinking American mind is the more remarkable and to us who have no sort of faith in the theory, the more satisfactory. For a time at least the evolution doctrines have been thoroughly demolished in the minds of American thinkers, and even in the pages of publications where they have heretofore found favor, we now find jokes and jests, ridiculing their pretensions to be called science.

Whatever be the value of evolution theories in themselves, we do not mistake the effect produced by their apostle here. There is but one voice, from press and mouth, and that voice rather a laugh than anything else.

A few possibly still ask, "Is this all there is of it?" Yes, this is emphatically all there is of it. Professor Huxley has stated the doctrine, with its full force, and supported it with its strongest argument. Darwin has not the power to do as much. And the argument, derived from the 'one horse" pedigree, still lacks a leg to stand on, or rather lacks a hope. And if all the force of all the evolutionists were directed successfully to the discovery of the missing tie the argument would still lack a leg in fact would lack all its legs for it would prove nothing, and remain only a vague theory.

'If twice fifty are ninety nine we could show you many mathematical truths which we believe but which you do not see. We believe them because twice fifty is a hundred, and that is within one of ninety nine, and so close to it that we are sure we shall some day find where the missing fraction is, and we shall then prove all we wish. This is the method of argument in all the schools of science so called to which evolution belongs.

It would be idle to argue against theories which are so weak as Professor Huxley has shown his to be. But the man who is tempted to adopt them is assuredly as wild as the men who attempt to discover perpetual motion. The theory of evolution is precisely like the theory of perpetual motion since it reduces itself to this statement: 'Nothing was ever created, all things grew out of other things.' This surely is only another form of stating the theory of a perpetual motion machine. And so plainly is this seen by clear minds in the evolution school that they have been forced to the adoption of the theory that all sensible things are results of motion. If motion is the effect of force all force is eternal self regulating self-existent. And just here a school boy overthrows the philosopher with the question— Why if force acts and thinks and regulates itself and makes things, I don't see why you doubt the record of Moses you call *him* Force but Moses called him by the Hebrew word that we translate God.

It is a subject of congratulation to the American thinking public that they have had the mists cleared away from the evolution theories by Professor Huxley.

The following are the speculations of the New York *Herald* on the probable result of the coming election. It sets down the following States as sure for Hayes

Illinois	21	Colorado	3
Iowa	11	Nevada	3
Kansas	5	New Hampshire	5
Maine	7	Ohio	22
Massachusetts	13	Pennsylvania	29
Michigan	11	Rhode Island	4
Minnesota	5	Vermont	5
Nebraska	3	Wisconsin	10

There is not a solitary of Mr Tilden carrying any one of these sixteen States which have an aggregate of 190 electoral votes or only 25 less than a majority. If Hayes can gain 25 votes in addition to those of which he is already certain it is as good as half to half elected. The opposite side of the case must be that Tilden must carry one from some one or more of the following States

New York	35	New Jersey	9
Indiana	15	Connecticut	6
California	6	Oregon	3

In this event the doubtful state of the canvass everything is staked on New York which will be the Democratic Governor of this Electoral district. A Republican success in certain by carrying New York and there are strong political lines that if the Democrats carry it they will get the Presidency. This naturally ties the Democratic Electoral majority. The Republicans have every thing to gain by securing all their votes in the United States but the Democrats cannot win without carrying some of the doubtful States in addition to New York.

At the expiration of June Titus time as Chief Justice of Utah and as he was preparing to leave the territory the Mormons reported the Indians very bad and numerous along the road. An old citizen knowing too well the meaning of this rumor informed the Judge of his suspicions. His reply was "Mountain Meadows are too vivid in my recollection. Mormons sometimes wear Indian blankets. When I leave Utah they will know nothing of my time of departure."

A CIRCULAR

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

Again necessity compels me to say a few words in the examination of The other Side over the signature of J D Driver dated at Brownsville Sept 10 1876 which appeared in the columns of the OREGONIAN of Sept 30.

The writer says: "For two or three years this case has appeared in the secular press in which my name has been used and grossly false statements made in reference to my action. His Reverence has failed to point to one single instance in my article wherein there is even the shadow of false statement. He does not deny that at the Olympia Conference in 1873 it was stated by Rev. L. T. Woodward upon open conference "There is nothing against Bro James." He says he was in the cabinet by the courtesy of Bishop Peck—was not Presiding Elder—but fails to tell why he was treated with such courtesy by the Bishop. Let me suggest that it was to represent Rev. L. T. Woodward who was taken sick, and was, while acting as such representative, to all interest and purposes a Presiding Elder. Rev. I. F. DeVore, who was Presiding Elder and in the council says, 'Had it not been for J. D. Driver, there would have been nothing of this trouble.' Mr. Driver says: 'After consultation it was agreed that a committee ask Bro James to locate, and I was appointed that committee.' As usual in such cases the one who makes the request to have a committee receives the appointment from which the Bishop would not recede. Now let me ask Mr. Driver why it was that if Father was not willing to locate, spending so much of his time at stores and the postoffice, neglecting his duties, he should be sent back to such a good appointment for the third year with an appropriation of $100? Why did Father James leave the work at the second quarterly meeting? Who did employ to take the place of Father James, as he says he "supplied the work?" Certainly not W. D. Nichols, as he was preacher in charge and to receive his pay from the academy. Who received the remaining $50 of missionary money? or was it returned to the missionary society? Mr. Driver's memory seems to be somewhat at fault as to the transactions of the session. or the reporters are mistaken and we are inclined to believe that the OREGONIAN'S reports of the Conference proceedings of August 12-20, 1874 are correct, for they were copied almost entire into the columns of the *P C Advocate*, with the exception of that portion in relation to the action on the report of the committee, which for some reason, was not thought to be of sufficient interest to the reading public as to be inserted into the columns of that paper. After the committee consisting of Revs York Hoberg, Cooper, Parrish and Doane, had been granted leave to retire for the consideration of the case, the OREGONIAN reporters say:

The committee on Rev J. James' case reported that he had left his work had formally been notified and requested to locate but did not; that he had been unacceptable and inefficient, and the committee charged him to-wit: General inefficiency and unacceptability, and recommended that he be cited to appear before the Conference at its next annual session. Some discussion as to the legality and expediency of adopting the report. Some of the members thought the matter should be referred back to the committee, others said the case should be referred to the Presiding Elder. Mr Driver thought that he would, if this was a court of equity, move to dispose of Bro James on general principles. A wicked reporter suggested in a whisper that he should be put on a reservation. The discussion was terminated by a motion to locate Mr James, which was adopted.' —OREGONIAN *of Aug* 22 1874.

Again he says: 'After the action of the conference which located Bro James, he caused me of being the cause and so published it and sent me a copy.' Let me here give all that was said of Driver, and here is an exact copy:

'Now, Mr. Editor, it so happens that Mr James has lived in but few places in Oregon—Corvallis, Dayton, Yaquina, and Dallas, where he now lives. Will the man of equity please let him know the court, that has set the precedent of deciding cases without trial, and in violation of the constitution and law governing in the case? I presume the Rev I. D. Driver will not say that unacceptability was the reason why I left the work at the end of the second quarter with the record before him. Let him say what led to that result.'

From this he says: 'I feared difficulty and when taking him his certificate of location I took with me Rev I. F. DeVore, who was one of our triers of appeal. Mr Starr who was one given, in the *P C Advocate*, notice of his intention to appeal. The certificate of location was refused.' Here again his memory is at fault, for he failed to take with him the certificate as stated, he had left it at home, and which he says he still has. Where are the *grossly false statements?*'

As to the Dallas paper, and Sam Clarke, of the *Record* in their comments, are not those who speak unadvisedly, as the conversation was on the street, and in open day, and characteristic of some men certainly P. M. Starr. But if not true then it was his official duty (?)' Let me ask Mr. Driver why it was that Father James was denied the right of appeal by the bishop at the conference held in Salem in 1875 after notice of appeal had been given in the *P C Advocate*? Why was it that all this trouble originated after Mr Driver had gained admittance to the cabinet through the courtesy of Bishop Peck? Who are the witnesses by which the charge (indolence) of which you speak is to be proven? Why is the motion to bring the case of Father James before the conference at Albany tabled thereby cutting off investigation? Why renew the controversy after the conference action had been closed Father James outside the conference and church? Why is it that you can say grossly false statements have been made against your actions? Why is it that you failed to point to *one single instance* in my article in the OREGONIAN of July 5th when such is charged by me? These questions must be properly answered or I. D. Driver must stand condemned as guilty of gross misrepresentations.

It seems that the conference has failed to vindicate the acts of Rev I. D. Driver as witnesseth the following: I have let these things rest waiting the action of *my* Conference to bring them to light, and vindicate me, and can say no more at present without prejudicing a case now pending; and premature action might be right but not expedient. We can wait patiently for the development of the *case* after it what it may and now we leave you as readers to judge and note the agreement between my statements previously made as to facts in the case of Father James and that of Rev I. D. Driver as against the action of Conference. Yours respectfully,

C. F. JAMES.

THE ART OF CONVERSATION

Boyle was a sparkling and charming conversationalist and is such found in Paris the peerless abode of fine talk. The fullest recognition I ever heartily pronounced him brilliant and from him he would seem a gifted man in like most theorist and in no wise a monologist. He could not talk long to silent or unresponsive persons. He required the sustainment of sympathy the presence of several equal people (*Peers*) or a company of Philistines (*equivez* the French call them), would render him silent as an oyster, but nothing like so sweet. He had the true conversational art—the art of bringing out the diffident and encouraging the timid. He says he would rather listen to others than to himself, that he who is enamored of his own voice soon loses his power to entertain. Judging from the record of his contemporaries he was never tiresome and for the reason that he delighted in facts incidents anecdotes reminiscences instead of discussions abstractions generalities and declamation. He thought an excellent recipe for interesting conversation would be to talk as unlike Madame de Staël as possible. As everybody knows she needed no stimulant no motive no congeniality for speech. She would begin anywhere on any topic at any time and end only from sheer physical exhaustion. The last thing that occurred to her was her auditors. If they were swept away on the torrent of her glittering egotism she still continued self absorbed to address the splendid vacuity of her own creation.—*Appletons Journal for November.*

OREGON

J. Hall recently sold his farm in Polk county for $8 000.

Diphtheria is troubling the little ones about McMinnville.

Pools on Cooper and Cary sell very low in Douglas county.

Judge Prim is holding a term of the circuit court in Josephine.

The stage road in Southern Oregon is reported to be in a very bad condition.

Jackson county has recently made her court house nearly new throughout by extensive repairs.

The Jackson county Teachers' Institute held an interesting and profitable session at Ashland last week.

The order to survey the harbors at Coos Bay and the Coquille river has been made, and the work will be done this fall.

The *Gazette* says the excitement and indignation at Corvallis over the Governor's veto of the Yaquina railroad bill was intense and general.

Twelve fishing boats "all in a row" were towed out of Tillamook harbor by the tug General Canby, one day last week, bound for Astoria.

The little town of Amity is growing like a green bay tree, though we are sure we don't know what a green bay tree is. A green bay horse is a more familiar term.

Mr. Thomas of North Yamhill, raised 80 bushels of wheat by measurement and 92 by weight on one acre of ground this past harvest. This is the largest yield we have heard of yet.

Some man signing himself "Suglin," in the Coos Bay *News*, intimates that no Republican in Roseburg dared to meet him on the stump. We had sooner think the Roseburg Republicans did not consider the game worth the powder.

The Hillsboro *Independent* says every available team is now busy at work, and it is difficult to find teams enough to haul wood, lumber, etc. The late rains have put the ground in good condition for plowing and seeding and the farmers are improving the time.

Gov Grover is announced to speak at Corvallis next Friday. A meeting in aid of the Yaquina railroad is announced for the same time and place. Inasmuch as the governor has just vetoed a bill in aid of that measure, the railroad meeting may embarrass him somewhat. It looks like it had been gotten up for that purpose.

Pursuant to notice the stockholders of the Willamette Valley and Coast Railway Co held their annual meeting at the court house in Corvallis on last Saturday, and elected the following named gentlemen as directors for the ensuing year: R. Irwin, Joseph Hamilton, R. S. Strahan, Ashby Pierce, B. W. Wilson, —— Shedd, F. A. Chenoweth, Wm. Graham and A. M. Witham.

A letter written at Camp Harney, October 13th by a soldier, says: "We arrived here on the 7th. Had a good time, marched only 257 miles through a very fine country. The only disagreeable thing was the cold nights; the days were warm enough. This is a very nice post. At present it is garrisoned by companies K Troop 1st Cavalry, and K company 21st Infantry. The post is commanded by Major John Green of the 1st U. S. Cavalry. We have some of the finest officers in the army at the post, and I think Camp Harney is one of the finest posts on the coast."

THE TERRITORIES.

A ragged hill is on the tapis at Olympia.

There was a slight frost at Olympia a few morning since.

The Missouri river will hardly reach low water mark this season.

The U. S. surveying schooner *Fulton* is coaling and victualing at Seattle.

Dr. E. D. Leavitt has been nominated by the Republican convention of Montana for delegate to Congress.

The ninth annual session of the Grand Lodge, I. O. G. T., Montana, met October 12th at their hall in Helena.

Corinne is said to be the liveliest town in Utah, owing to the active preparations for pushing the Oregon railroad.

The *Dakota* has 185 tons of water pipe and several tons of hops awaiting her at Olympia, as also a number of passengers.

Strange things continue to happen. One death, one marriage, and four christenings—all in one house—in one day last week at Tacoma.

The steamers *Josephine* and *Carroll* left Bismarck for Cow Island on the 25th of September cleaning up the last pound of Montana freight.

William A. Caldwell, Esq., the present season threshed 1 164 bushels of oats produced from ten acres of ground on the hill about three miles north of Lewiston, Idaho.

A. Leland & Son have started a weekly paper at Lewiston Idaho, called *The Teller*, the first number of which has reached us. We wish our old newspaper friends success.

A letter from Mr. Goss to Capt. Higgins states that a decision has been made to establish a shipyard by their firm on the Sound next spring but the location has not yet been fixed.

Charles Johnson, Esq. of Warrens camp has just completed the reduction of nearly 100 tons of Charity gold ore with his amalgamating which he obtained nearly $30 per ton of bullion. It is claimed by some that not more than fifty per cent of the fire assay of the ore was saved.

The 105 miles of Northern Pacific railroad in Washington Territory connecting Puget Sound and the Columbia river between Tacoma and Kalama yielded a revenue last year of $102 221 14 or nearly $300 per day for every working day of the year. The operating expenses were $66 712 57, or about $200 per day and the profit $35 508 57 or over $100 per day.

On his arrival at the Black Hills, Crook was met by a perfect ovation. Salutes were fired, bunting displayed and the entire scene was one of enthusiasm. Delicacies were sent to the wounded and the hamlet outside. Other ovations with the hungry soldiers. It is now stated that at the fights in Slim Buttes 40 Indians were killed 40 wounded and 20 prisoners taken.

The Seattle *Intelligencer* says: "Strong hopes are felt that something will yet be done towards the development of the Puyallup coal interests and orders from the East looking to the commencement of operations in that direction are daily expected. Skookum Smith is going to stay through the winter and his determination to do so is supposed to be significant of something more than the ordinary course of events."

The People's Ticket in Chehalis county, W. T. is: W. W. Watson joint councilman, Archibald Campbell, J. W. Anderson and O. P. Brewer commissioners, William Anderson auditor, William Carter, treasurer, Sherman Estus assessor, Harrison Taylor, probate judge, Mrs. Della Newton, school superintendent, John Webster, coroner, and Wm. Hannegan wreckmaster. They have agreed to disagree on delegate and prosecuting attorney.

VOLUNTEER BOUNTY RELIEF FUND

SALEM, Oct. 27, 1876.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

The following law was enacted by the legislative assembly just adjourned:

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oregon: Section 1. That sec. 11 of an act granting bounties to the volunteers of the State of Oregon, approved Oct. 24, 1864, and sec. 10 of an act for the relief of the officers and men of the Oregon volunteers, approved Oct. 24, 1864 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. There is hereby appropriated from the general fund the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary for each year, so long as the principal of said bonds may remain unpaid, for the payment of the interest thereon.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer of the State to make arrangements for the payment of the interest of said bonds when the same falls due, and in the event of the insufficiency of the general fund he is authorized and required to make such contracts and arrangements as may be necessary for the payment of said interest.

Sec. 4. Inasmuch as *unnecessary taxes are now being levied*, and to protect the credit of the State, this act shall take effect from and after its approval by the Governor.

Passed the House of Representatives Oct. 5, 1876. J. W. WEATHERFORD, Speaker of the House.

Passed the Senate Oct. 16, 1876. JOHN WHITEAKER, President of the Senate.

Approved Oct. 28, 1876. L. F. GROVER.

Section 1 of the foregoing law repeals the levies of one mill, and one-half mill, made by the relief and bounty acts of 1864. It will be seen that this act was approved and went into effect Oct. 20 1876. From that date these levies of one and a half mills in the [illegible] were repealed, "[illegible]uch as unnecessary taxes are now (were then) being levied." The legislature treated those levies as being [illegible]ed for this year, 1876, and made no appropriation from them, but appropriated from the general fund for the payment of the interest on the few bonds outstanding. There has been levied this year five mills for current expenses of the State. That will raise $400,000 for the next two years upon a valuation of $40,000,000, and the taxable valuation of the State is returned at over $40,000,000. I do not know the exact amount of all appropriations made by the late legislature, but they certainly fall below $400,000, and I think not less than $25,000 below that sum.

So it will be seen that the legislature [illegible] the bounty and relief tax as [illegible]ed for this year. Latterly it has been used in the construction of the capitol building. But this legislature repealed the law authorizing the [illegible] of capitol commissioners, and [illegible] the bounty tax to work on the capitol building. All the acts of the session clearly imply the intention that that tax should not be levied and paid into the treasury for this purpose.

As I before said the returned taxable valuation of the State is $40,000,000. One and one-half mills upon that sum will produce $60,000. That sum, if paid into the State treasury by the counties will lie idle there. If anybody is soft enough to suppose it will [illegible] there for two years and until the next Legislature means to appropriate it. Many, or all of the counties may have already levied this mill and one half tax for this year without knowing of its [illegible]. Many or all of the counties are in debt, and can use this levy, if made, in relieving their own orders and thus giving to their [illegible] the ten per cent into their orders are drawing. That is what they should do with it. Treat it as a [illegible] levy and use it for county purposes. If any counties have not made their levy for 1876, clearly they cannot levy this [illegible] bounty and relief tax. Whether, in counties where it may have been levied, the tax payer is required to pay it, I do not know. Nor is it important if it is put in use by the counties when collected.

I see by the Secretary's late report that eight counties owe the State an aggregate unpaid tax of $20 517 75, much of it extending back as far as 1870. The State makes no effort to collect this unpaid revenue, which is increasing in amount every year. It would seem that the State was powerless to collect its revenues, and was dependent upon the good will of the counties in paying the same. All—not a good many counties are long delinquent

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 28 1876

CIVIL SERVICE—SOME SPECIMEN BRICKS

The peculiarities of the present national administration made quite a feature of dispatches published yesterday Revenue Agent Clark, of San Francisco, was summarily removed from office because his political course was not satisfactory to the President; and Elmer Washburne, for a long time chief of the Government service, is removed for the reason he did not choose to be a personal tool and detective of the President's for the purpose of hunting down those who might happen to speak disparagingly of him. As the lawyers say, we have no knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to whether Revenue Agent Clark is a faithful, competent and efficient officer; but his removal is not upon the ground of incompetency, unfaithfulness or inefficiency, so that question out of the case Mr Clark had become obnoxious to political movement which the President did not like: that was the object of this administration, coming into power largely on account of the promises of the President to inaugurate a system of civil service reform, to remove him Had he participated for taking part in the "ring movement," or meddling with politics in any manner while holding Federal office, and were the opinion universal that Federal officials should attend to the duties of their offices, and devote their time to managing politics, it would receive the approbation and praise of the President to remove officers for political reasons according to the dictates of his interests, or for giving support to some movement which the President may not consider favorable to him and his particular views or wishes another thing. So much for Clark's removal, which is a fitting supplement to the removal last week of all the Boston postoffice who had been candidates for Congress.

Mr Elmer Washburne is the distinguished victim. Not only is there nothing in his official conduct, so far as known, for which he is commended by the President himself as well as the whole American public servant. But he has not only had his removal, and the reasons therefor, but had only to obey and submit. Inquiry being presented to the President of the low disreputable character of some show or other, to the exhibition of which he was trying, find lodgings in the same relationship about the White House as the President believe Washburne to be unfriendly to him and his administration, shuffles a little, refuses to the point and admits the trouble. Fish, he knew that Washburne had been against him though a majority of the conspirators is not stated—and shuffles and leaves the impression that Washburne is ignorant of a conspiracy which was long ago, which he did not participate in. For this he receives the statements in the dispatches over the wires, which are not unfriendly to the President, they point unmistakably to Washburne as a victim in his prosecution of frauds, as the grievance of the conspiracy in the Department, which Washburne made report to the President in relation to the Babcock case, which case is a tender place with the President. When Bristow, in his prosecution of the scoundrels, dug Babcock's conduct immediately before the eyes of the President, he became enemy against Grant, and whoever was instrumental in him in prosecuting the whiskey frauds. That is the long and short of the matter. Bristow's fight against the whiskey ring cost him his head and Washburne's energetic and efficient action in the fight cost him his head. Attorney Dyer's faithful work cost him his head. Washburne is decapitated because he was engaged in the same work. The heads of all those who were connected with the whiskey rings have rolled in the dust, and McDonald, and Avery, and all the rest of the Babcock gang are languishing behind the bars of the penitentiary, and Babcock, too, is avenged, and Babcock, too, is saved, because the President has "stood by his friends."

Examples of the abuses in the service which demand correction are not to understand what the Administration of the Republican party is in connection with the civil service cannot fail to see in these "Specimen Bricks," the exact point It is in these, along with the low character and tendency of the administration that has made it necessary for the Democratic party to contest every inch of ground at the present election—to run the race with whip and spur, and not with the confidence of victory, even after its fourth year, instead of walking over the course in triumph as heretofore And the success in the election of Hayes gives hope for the correction of this and other abuses, that people who deplore the corruption of machine politics, and wish to see an honest administration of the Government, are anxious to see him elected

NEW PUBLICATIONS

The American Law Review for October published by Little, Brown & Co Boston has been sent us by Mr A L Bancroft This is a most excellent number It contains an exhausting article on Rufus Choate giving interesting reminiscences of that great lawyer Well written articles on The Origin of Trial by Jury", on "Responsibility in Mental Diseases," and on "Pleading and Practice" in which the various subjects discussed are thoughtfully and very ably treated The book notices by the editors are particularly full, being fair, and yet written in a terse and engaging style, calculated to

for Novembe This publication of the high

sort, lies before us. Its table of contents promises the reader an unusually choice literary feast. Without being overwhelmingly scientific, *Appleton's Journal* mixes with its lighter articles one now and then of a more serious and instructive character and in this number has not departed from its usual custom. The sketches are bright and sparkling and are really worthy of something better than their destined fate—to while away the tedium of a long dreary, drizzling day

The more serious articles are thoughtful and full of suggestions worthy of remembrance On the whole the present number is quite up to the usual mark and well sustains the reputation it has already won It is published by Messrs D Appleton & Co of New York and may be had at all the book stores of the city

The work on the bronze statue of Liberty by Bartholdi, presented to the United States by France, and to be erected on Bedloe's Island in New York harbor has been suspended for want of funds to continue it The cost of the statue was estimated at $100,000 of which a part only had been subscribed when the work was commenced This part has been exhausted in making the left arm and leg of the proposed Goddess and no more money seems to be forthcoming What will be done is a conundrum which nobody seems able to answer

The term of imprisonment of Stokes, the murderer of Jas. Fisk, expired day before yesterday, and Stokes is now at liberty He entered prison a young and healthy man—he passes from it broken in health and, though not much older by count of years, aged in appearance and dejected in spirits It is said that his hair has turned gray and that his limbs have become stiffened by rheumatism Josie Mansfield, the worthless cause of Fisk's death and Stokes ruin, is said to be living in great splendor in Paris

Masonic secrets are to be made public A lady (the Countess Hadick) has been received in a Hungarian lodge of Freemasons the Grand Orient of Hungary declares the election null and void. But then comes in the maxim, "Once a Mason, always a Mason" Masonic enemies are asking, "What is to be done—how long will the Masonic secret be kept now?"

NEW TO-DAY.

Bed Comforts, Quilts, Blankets and Sheetings, for sale at 107 Third street.

A FRENCH LADY, FROM PARIS, (EXPERienced Milliner and Dressmaker) will be pleased to receive Ladies' orders, at St. Charles Hotel, Room 56. o26d2w

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I WILL NOT BE responsible for any debts contracted by Martin Ginty after Oct. 1, 1876. o26d3t JOHN GINTY

ON AND AFTER TUESDAY, THE 31st OF October, 1876, we will sell Oysters at $4 25 per sack. A S. GIBBS, F C. BARNES, Agents for Shoalwater Bay Oysters o23d6t

THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF THE "Waverley Social Club" this (Saturday) evening, in the Central Market, at 9 o clock Business of importance will be brought up A full attendance is expected C J. MULKEY. Pres.

Q. VOOS,

FORMERLY OF THE MAISON DOREE, WILL on TUESDAY, October 30th, open the GEM Oyster ROOMS as a

First-class Restaurant. o25tf

EQUAL TO GAS!

Save Your Money and have a Good Light!

1,000 BRONZE LAMPS

With Safety Collars.

AT ACKERMAN'S DOLLAR STORE.

NOTICE,

Oysters! Oysters!!

ROONEY (FORMERLY AT THE GEM) WILL on and after this date have charge of the Oyster Department in my Market.

C. A. MALARKEY,
S.E. Cor. Stark and Second streets.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

THE FIRM OF WASSERMAN & CO IS THIS day dissolved by limitation, Mr N A Hirstel withdrawing from the same All liabilities of the firm will be paid by Philip Wasserman, and said Philip Wasserman alone is authorized to collect all outstanding debts due the firm

PHILIP WASSERMAN,
N A HIRSTEL

Portland Oregon, Oct. 26 1876

Thankful for past favors, the firm of Wasserman & Co will continue business at the old stand, No 7 North Front street, and solicit the patronage of their friends. WASSERMAN & CO

Standard copy

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

OF

LADIES' CLOAKS, DRESSES

AND

TRIMMINGS

In the City, can be found at

JOS. HARRIS',

St. Charles Hotel Building, Morrison St.,

At Prices that Defy Competition.

Wanted several good Dress Makers

Sweeping & Complete Victories in 1876,

FOR

No. 8

WHEELER & WILSON

SEWING MACHINE.

Highest Medals and Diplomas at the Centennial Exposition!

Highest Award at American Institute New York!

First Premium Southern States Exposition, New Orleans!

Gold Medal California State Fair!

Three First Medals Oregon State Fair for Best Family Sewing Machine Best Manufacturing Machine Best Series of Samples done on Family Sewing Machine!

First Premium at Washington Territorial Fair, Olympia!

First Premium at Walla Walla County Fair!

First Premium at Union County Fair!

First Premium at Washington County Fair!

All the County Fairs in California

SEE THE No 8 FOR YOURSELF AND YOU will confirm the judgment of the Committees, and believe not those agents who are deceiving the public by falsely stating that the No 8 has the defects of the Old Wheeler & Wilson

Straight Needle No Shuttle Two Speeds and Patent Oil Glands, for the Needle and Treadle Foot Bars

Send Orders or for a Circular to

WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO.,
o26d&w 35 Third Street Portland

NEW GOODS.

Smoked Beef.

Eastern Hams.

Family Corned Beef.

For sale by

HACHENEY & STEMME,
Dealers in First Class Groceries,
Corner Taylor and First sts

DR. WILSON'S

OFFICE REMOVED TO HIS NEW ROOMS AT residence, B and Fourth Streets, entrance on B street.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MARKET THEATRE.

Grand Extra Performances!

Saturday Afternoon & Evening, Oct. 28.

Positively Last Appearances of the

SAWTELLE DRAMATIC COMPANY!

In the Evening the performance will consist of the great Irish Drama by Dion Boucicault entitled

ARRAH - NA - POGUE!

SHAUN the Post Mr J AI SAWTELLE
ARRAH MEE FISH Mrs I A SAWTELLE

The Afternoon Performance at 2 o clock will consist of the Great Emotional Play of

EAST LYNNE!

OR, THE ELOPEMENT!

PRICES AS USUAL

Reserved Seats can be secured at Moss's Art Palace First street, without extra charge

Sacred Concert.

Zwölfte theatralische

Abend-Unterhaltung

der dramatischen Sektion des Portland Soc Turnvereins in der Turnhalle,

Sonntag, den 29. Oktober.

Zur Aufführung kommt

Ein Don Juan wider Willen.

Lustspiel in 1 Akt von C Heil

Deklamation:

Entsagung und Trost.

Gedicht von K. Kretz.

Die Tante aus Schwaben.

Lustspiel in 1 Akt von F Wehl

Eintritts-Preise:

Parterre - 50 Cents
Gallerie - 25 "
Kinder die Hälfte

Anfang um 8 Uhr.

(Präzise)

Reservirte Sitze sind während den Nachmittagstunden in der Halle zu haben. Extrazeichnungen werden während der Zwischenakte auf der Gallerie verabfolgt

Um zahlreichen Besuch bittet achtungsvoll

Die dramatische Sektion des P. S. T. V

MONEY TO LOAN

On Real Estate Securities,

BY THE

Oregon & Washington Trust Investment Co.

THIS COMPANY IS AT ALL TIMES PREPARed to loan monies to prompt and reliable parties, secured by Mortgage Deed or assignments of Mortgages upon improved City property and farming lands of good quality Loans may be taken for 2, 3, 4 5, 6 or 8 years repayable by installments every year, or for fixed periods just as the borrower may prefer when he makes the loan. The rate of interest will be 10 per cent per annum when borrowed upon the repayment (installment) plan.

Apply to WILLIAM REID, Manager,
9 First st. Portland

GRAND OPENING

OF THE

WASHINGTON EXCHANGE!

Next door to the Washington Hotel.

Saturday, October 28, 1876.

BRASS BAND IN ATTENDANCE.

SPLENDID LUNCH,
THE BEST OF WINES,
LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
EXCELLENT LAGER BEER.

The public is respectfully invited.

ALFRED ZETTERMAN, Proprietor

JACOBS BROS. & CO.

IMPORTERS OF

Clothing, Dry Goods

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3 and 5 North Front Street, Portland, Ogn.

Agents of the Oregon City Woolen Mills

SELLING OUT AT COST!

FOR 90 DAYS!

BOOKS,
STATIONERY,
TOYS.

BARRETT'S BOOK STORE.

Homeopathic Medical College

OF OREGON, PORTLAND,

THE REGULAR ANNUAL COURSE OF LECtures will commence on the first Monday in January 1877 For Circulars containing full particulars apply to T J SLOAN A M M D
o26d&w1m Dean of the Faculty

SELLING OUT AT COST!

CUTLERY, RAZORS, &C.

GEORGE & RAPP.

Practical Cutlers,

First street, between Salmon and Main

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE will be a Special Meeting of the Common Council of the City of Portland, on Saturday evening, Oct 28 at 7.30 o clock

J A CHAPMAN Mayor

Portland Oct. 27 1876

A. L. FRANCIS,

DEALER IN

PIANOS AND ORGANS,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Address P O Box 25

NOTICE.

BRITISH SHIP ROXBURGHSHIRE CAPTAIN Christie from Brisbane, Neither the Captain nor the undersigned Consignees of the above named vessel will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew

JAMES LAIDLAW & CO

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS OR ACcounts against R D Hume of Bay View W T or Hume & Co of Astoria Oregon are hereby notified that they must present the same to the undersigned at the office at Portland Oregon within thirty days from this date or they will not be allowed W K DEVERIDGE & CO

Oct 2 1876 o27 1tawtr

OREGON BAKERY.

LIEBE & HOELBING.

(Successors to I Ottiz)

First street, next to cor of Pine, Portland,

Manufacturers of all kinds of

CRACKERS, BREAD, CAKES & PASTRY.

IMMIGRANTS, LOOK HERE!!

YOU CAN BUY CHOICE FARMING LAND IN tracts from 40 to 400 acres on cheap terms by application at the office of the OREGON REAL ESTATE CO, corner Stark and Fourth streets. o7d1m

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.

THE CHEAPEST PLACE

TO BUY

Dry Goods in Portland

IS AT THE

New Dry Goods Emporium,

KEPT BY

J. F. D. WRINKLE & CO.,

COR. SALMON & FIRST STREETS

Dress Goods, in all the New Shades from 25 cts per Yard and upwards

Fine Black Cashmeres, Alpacas & Empress Cloths.

Colored Cashmeres, in all the New Shades

Waterproofs, in Plaids and Plain Colors

White and Colored Cotton and Wool Hose, all Qualities.

Shawls, Blankets, Comforters, Gents, Ladies and Boys' Furnishing Goods, all Qualities and Prices

1,000 Articles of Fancy Goods,

Too Numerous to Mention.

The Best Quality of

FRENCH 2-Button KID GLOVES

In Black and Colors, $1 50 a Pair.

A Good Quality of

2-BUTTON KID GLOVES,

Black and Colors, $1 00 a Pair.

We guarantee our PRICES to be

BELOW COMPETITION.

J. F. D. WRINKLE & CO.,
o18d2w Cor Salmon and First Streets.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS!

IN

DRESS GOODS

AT

Clarke & Henderson's.

A LOT OF

Grey Camel's Hair Cloths

At 25c per yard.

The Best we have ever sold for the money.

CLARKE & HENDERSON.

CLOSING OUT! CLOSING OUT!

AS I AM POSITIVELY GOING OUT OF BUSIness, I offer my Large and Elegant Stock of

MILLINERY GOODS

AT

Greatly Reduced Rates!

Consisting of

RIBBONS, SILKS, VELVETS,
ENGLISH CRAPES,
FEATHERS, FLOWERS, WINGS,
NETS, plain and dotted
FELT, STRAW and VELVET HATS,
Trimmed and untrimmed
FICHUS, GRENADINES,
LACES, BRUSHES, COMBS,

And a large variety of other Goods to be found in a FIRST CLASS MILLINERY STORE.

Any lady wishing to purchase anything in my line will find it to her advantage to

EXAMINE MY STOCK,

AS IT

Must be Sold by the 1st of January.

Remember the place 71 First Street.

o11tf1m JESSIE MACNAMARA

P. van FRIDAGH,

Dry Goods, Millinery, Notions.

A Complete Stock in Every Department of

Fall and Winter Styles

LADIES' GENTLEMEN'S & CHILDREN'S UNDERCLOTHING.

o26d1m

PORTLAND CANDY FACTORY.

ALISKY & HEGELE,

South Side of Alder Street,

Adjoining Odd Fellows Hall

Eastern and Shoalwater Bay Oysters,

IN EVERY STYLE.

THE OUTLOOK!

Owing to our removal to the Large and Spacious Store,

CORNER FIRST AND ALDER STREETS,

We are desirous of moving as little of our

MAMMOTH STOCK OF FINE CLOTHING

AND FURNISHING GOODS

as possible, and knowing that

People will have New Clothing,

AND ALWAYS KEEP AN EYE to the MAIN CHANCE.

Namely, TO BUY CHEAP, and knowing that we Must SELL LOW to meet the Expectations of the Community,

We can and do make a

GRAND SWEEPING REDUCTION!

in the Price of the FINEST CLOTHING in the State of Oregon. Come and see if we don't!

FISHEL & ROBERTS,

Corner First and Washington Streets.

THE ONLY LEADING CLOTHING HOUSE IN THE CITY.

NOTICE.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXisting under the style of Hodge, Calef & Co, was dissolved June 17, 1876, by the death of Mr Chas. E Calef The affairs of the late firm will be settled and the business continued by the remaining partners under the name of

HODGE, SNELL & CO

CHAS HODGE GEO W SNELL
Portland Sept. 26 1876 oct6d1m

HODGE, SNELL & CO.,

Successors to

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

Dealers in

Drugs, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Etc., Etc.,

Nos. 75 FRONT and 70 FIRST STREETS,

PORTLAND OREGON
oc16d1m2p

RUMMELIN & GUTMANN,

56 First Street, between Stark and Oak,
PORTLAND, OREGON,

Manufacturers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FURS.

Offer a Complete Stock of

Ladies', Misses' and Gentlemen's Furs,

In great variety from the costly RUSSIA SABLE down to the cheap French Coney

An Extra Fine Quality of

SEAL & MINK SACQUES.

A Large Assortment of

FUR TRIMMINGS.

A Fine Lot of

BUGGY AND BUFFALO ROBES.

Every Article Guaranteed.

All of which will be sold at extremely LOW PRICES. o25d3m2p

HOME SEWING MACHINE. The Favorite ALWAYS ready Every Lady patron recommends.

FAST Machinery HALL TREADLE. New Invention Just received

LIGHT running NEW HOME takes the preference

THREE years in operation Every Machine warranted

RECEIVING from Factory Prices low for Cash.

ENGLISH FATHER MANUFACTURING SEWING MACHINE.

AGENCY Pacific Coast Written Guaranty five years

DURABLE Complete Feeds all directions. Universal motion

LONG Arm large shuttle Iron stand

ESPECIALLY adapted for Shoemakers Harnessmakers and Tailors

Large invoice Just received Either Machine warranted

Send for Price List and Circulars AGENTS WANTED GEO W TRAVER
Manufacturers' Agent

S W corner Third and Morrison sts
o20d&w1m Portland Oregon

200 Each of 11 & 12 ft. Page's make,

Best Eastern Oars,

FOR SALE LOW

Shelf and Builders' Hardware.

MECHANICS' TOOLS,

&c. &c., at

JOHN R. FOSTER'S,

67 FRONT STREET, CORNER STARK

NEW ARRIVALS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN APpointed Agents for I & R Tennent's well known brand of MALT LIQUORS offer for sale just arrived per Caduma

300 cases and casks INDIA PALE ALE.

25 casks DOUBLE STOUT, pints & quarts.

ALSO,

200 tons SCOTCH SPLINT COAL.

Lea & Perrins' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

3 and 5 PLY TWINE.

ENGLISH PIANOS.

GIANT POWDER, &c., &c

JAMES LAIDLAW & CO
7 First street

DR. HEWES,

THE WELL KNOWN MAGNETIC HEALER has again opened in Portland

Office—Cor. First and Oak Streets,

Where he will treat the sick and afflicted MAGNETIC BATHS connected with the rooms

MRS. S. HEWES, M. D.,

One of the first lady graduates in the United States also other ladies assistants of the most skilful practitioners on this Coast Particular attention given to ladies and children

REMOVAL.

DR. S. PARKER,

(Formerly of Portland)

Office and Residence—Next to cor. First and Fourth Sts, East Portland,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY OFFER HIS PROfessional services to the citizens of Portland and vicinity who may be in need of a Physician or Surgeon

oct5d1m

CAPTAIN'S NOTICE.

THE SHIP HUMBOLDT CAPT BURCH, from San Francisco Brazil, &c. Neither the Captain nor the undersigned consignees of the above named vessel will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew

oc29d1t HODGERS, MEYER & CO.

WANTS.

WANTED.

TO RENT A HOUSE OF 4 OR 5 ROOMS WITH small garden wood barn and well Apply by letter stating terms locality &c., to "HOUSE," Oregonian Office Portland

WANTED.

EMPLOYMENT IN A STORE, OFFICE, MILL, or as occasion demands The advertiser is a first class penman, understands accounts, law, engrossing and copying; has had considerable experience in land estate and general business, and would be willing to accept low wages in any capacity to obtain a situation and prove his ability. Address "WRITER," Oregonian office Portland.

WANTED.

A WET NURSE, AT THE WASHINGTON HOtel, corner Second and Alder streets.

WANTED.

TWO OR THREE APPRENTICES TO LEARN Dressmaking MRS LIBBIE KING, over Mrs Warner's store, Third street, between Yamhill and Morrison o24d10t

WANTED.

BUTTER AND EGGS. WILL PAY THE HIGHest Cash Price. FERRERA & BOISE, First, near Ash. oc23d6t

WANTED.

A PARTNER, TO DO THE OFFICE WORK OF an Established Business with a small capital of $500 or $600. Address, P. O. Box 588, Portland, Oregon oc18d1m

WANTED.

A FEW GOOD AGENTS TO CANVASS FOR a fast selling Books (a foreign Centennial Picture, Chromos and Prize Packages) Good commissions allowed. Address or call on J. W. STRONG, 146½ Front street, Portland o6d1m

TO LET

TO RENT.

FIRST CLASS ROOMS TO RENT BY THE DAY or week, with the accommodation of the Parlors. Cor Front and Ankeny sts. o23d1m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE

A GOOD WINTER COW AND A LOT OF FINE CHICKENS. Enquire of J. R. CURRY, corner Eighth and Market sts. o24d1w

PROPERTY FOR SALE,

IN LEWIS COUNTY, W. T., ONE STORE BUILDing, Lot and Stock of Goods, Hay Shed and stock in Warehouse, at Chehalis Station, N. P. R.R. County Seat of Lewis county 320 acres of good Wild Bottom Land on Cowlitz river, very light growth of timber, 120 acres of Land 1½ mile north of Chehalis Station For particulars and terms enquire of Messrs. L GOLDSMITH & CO., Portland, Ogn or GEO J HOGUE Claquato Lewis Co., W T.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

A COMPLETE ONE-SET

WOOLEN MILLS!

FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF HOSIERY, Woolen Yarn etc located at Jefferson, Marion county Oregon, is offered for sale or lease on reasonable terms Or machinery will be sold with lease of water power for a term of years. Water power in abundance for the entire year Goods manufactured at these Mills when in operation have always commanded in the market an advance over any other goods of similar make manufactured elsewhere A large portion of the Machinery is new or nearly so and all can be placed in No 1 running order with but little labor Everything complete for the manufacture of the articles above specified Address A L STINSON,
o25d6w1t Albany, Oregon

Splendid Opportunity!

FOR SALE.

TWO LOTS WITH HOUSE ON EACH FOR sale together or separate in a very pleasant location in Albina. Price low. Inquire at J H. Steffen's hotel Albina. s14

BARBOUR BROS.'

RELIABLE

Machine Twisted Thread

FOR

SALMON NETS

For sale by

W. T. COLEMAN & CO.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

o24d1m2p

KARL SEELIG & CO.,

Importers & Wholesale Dealers in

Fine Liquors, Wines & Cigars.

WE BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT WE HAVE this day been appointed Sole Agents for Jesse Moore & Co.'s Louisville, Kentucky, Celebrated

VOLLMER'S WHISKIES,

Which we import directly from the Manufacturers and are therefore able to offer them to the trade at Greatly Reduced Rates.

Jesse Moore & Co.'s Brands of Whiskies are considered to be the Purest and Best in the Market, and no Drug Store Saloon or Family should be without them KARL SEELIG & CO.
oc10d1m SW cor Second and Morrison sts

MILLMEN, TAKE NOTICE!

HAVING THOROUGHLY REFITTED AND furnished my Stock making Establishment I am now fully prepared to furnish Mills with Backs on the shortest notice

BOLTING CLOTHS

A specialty and warranted equal to those from San Francisco and as cheap as the cheapest Also Tents Sails Mattresses etc etc made to order

At the Old Stand,

Next Door to T Charman

C. M. KESTER,
Main Street Oregon City

FOR SALE,

In Lots to Suit

OREGON CREAM CHEESE,

And Oregon Limburger.

THIS CHEESE IS A No. 1.

C. A. BURCHARDT,
No. 8 Washington Street

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN AN nual meeting of the Stockholders of the Grand Central Market Co will be held at the office of R E Boyce in the city of Portland Oregon on Monday the fifth day of November A D 1876 at 10 o clock A M for the transaction of such business that may come before it

o26d1td ROBERT IMBRIE
President of the G M Co

LOST.

A SPECIMEN OF GOLD WEIGHING BETWEEN $40 and $50 with the name Joe Taylor, Cashier, engraved on it Ten dollars reward will be paid to the finder at this office or at Willamette Palace Saloon o26d2t

AUCTION

A. B. [illegible]

AUCTION

COR. OF [illegible]

Auction

OF REAL ESTATE, GOODS, [illegible]
CHANDELIER AND

Sale Days—Wednesday

At Private [illegible]

Large [illegible] of 640
Liberal advances [illegible]
To parties desiring [illegible]
that I will perform

A. B. [illegible]

Regular and P[illegible]

JEWETT.

Furniture, Oriental Merchandise

SATURDAY, Oct [illegible]
At 10 o'c

JEWETT.

100 doz Sets PLATED [illegible]
ALSO

BEDROOM, DINING & PARLOR FURNITURE. Free.

200 bxs CANDLES
175 bxs SOAP.
150 cs OLIVE OIL.
75 hlf bbls SUGAR.

A. B. [illegible]

INSURANCE

North British and Mercantile Fire Insurance Co.

OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

CAPITAL [illegible]
Reserve Fund [illegible]
Jan. 1st, 1876

Total [illegible]
Premiums [illegible]
Paid in [illegible]
5 years

EDWARD [illegible]

OREGON [illegible]

HOME Fire Insurance Co.

Capital, [illegible]
Assets, [illegible]
Income, 1875, [illegible]
Losses 7 14 [illegible]

IN A MILE [illegible]

78 FIRST [illegible]

UNION [illegible]

Insurance Co.

Capital [illegible]
Assets, [illegible]

INSURANCE [illegible]

First National [illegible]

W. [illegible]

INSURANCE [illegible]

Investment [illegible]

CONTINENTAL [illegible]

OF [illegible]

Insurance Co.

Each Assets,

INSURANCE [illegible]

[illegible]

Capital [illegible]
Assets, [illegible]

INSURANCE [illegible]

First National [illegible]

W. [illegible]

INSURANCE [illegible]

Investment [illegible]

CONTINENTAL [illegible]

OF [illegible]

Insurance Co.

Each Assets,

AVENUE

ALL SHADES

Mixed [illegible]

Has Stood the [illegible]

AND HAS [illegible]

Send for Price List

T. A. DAVIS

71 Front St

Wholesale

And Dealers in [illegible]

GENERAL AGENTS

RUPTURE

THE UNDERSIGNED [illegible]
sell John L. Rogers "PATENT ELASTIC" and will send the [illegible] to any other part of the [illegible] TWO ($2) DOLLARS. We GUARANTEE [illegible]

ROWE PATENT [illegible]

made in a durable [illegible] stamped on each one, and patent

WE HAVE NO [illegible]

For further information [illegible]

MAGNETIC [illegible]
609 Sacramento st

FERRERA & [illegible]

Imperial Salad Dressing
Tobasco Sauce
Russian [illegible]
Hellers [illegible]

Swiss Cheese,
Limburger Cheese
Java [illegible]

Genuine Condensed [illegible]
Potted Ham

Large Quantity [illegible]
and a Ta[illegible]

J. [illegible]

THE GENTLEMEN [illegible]
and Tailor,
save money by [illegible]
the cleaning and [illegible]
Oak street.
Work and [illegible]

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

...R AND COMMISSION...

...R. RICHARDSON,
CTIONEER
...OF FRONT AND OAK STS.

Auction Sales
...STATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL ...
...CHANDISE AND HORSES,
...—Wednesday and Saturday
At Private Sale,
...tment of GROCERIES and LIQUORS ...
...advances made on Consignments ...
...declining House-keeping, I will ...
...purchase Second-Hand Furniture,
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

...lar and Peremptory Sale
OF
JEWELRY,
...ure, Groceries, General
...Merchandise, Etc.,
...RDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1876,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,
JEWELRY:
...PLATED JEWELRY,
ALSO
...M, DININGROOM AND KITCH...
ALSO,
...CANDLES,
...OAP,
...IVE OIL,
...ba SUGAR.
...B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

INSURANCE.

British and Mercantile
Fire Insurance Co.,
...LONDON AND EDINBURGH.
...$10,000,000
...and Surplus Fund,
...Jan., 1876.....
...Receipts, 1875.....
...paid in United States,
...HOWARD HALL, Gen'l Agent
...Ankeny's Block, First st.
OREGON BRANCH

...HE MUTUAL
Insurance Company
...
...
...
...
...Annual Meeting Organization
...
...ASHTON BOYD,
MANAGER,
...First Street, Portland, Oregon.

UNION
...ce Company
...AND MARINE.
...UP IN ONE ONE) - $7...
...
...
...
...ROOM FOR ORE...
...Building, Por...
...CALDWELL, A...

STATE
...t & Insura...
...PANY,
...FRANCISCO.
...D MARIN...
...rporated in 1871.
...$47...
...SUPERINTENDENT,
A. J. BETTS,
...Agent,
...A. BALDWIN & CO.,
...Agents,
...Front Street, and
...Insurance and Warehouse
...Corner Oregon Street.

...ILL PAIN.
...
...
...
...
...

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 28, 1876.

LOVE AND DEATH.

When the end comes, and we must say good by
And I am going to the quiet land;
And sitting in some loved place hand in hand,
For the last time together, you and I,
We watch the winds blow, and the sunlight lie
Aboutthe spaces of our garden home,
Soft lit by the washing of the Western foam,
Where we have lived and loved in days past by—
We must not weep, my darling, or upbraid
The quiet death who comes to part us twain;
But know that parting would but be such pain
Had not our love a perfect flower been made,
And we shall find it in God's garden laid
On this sweet day wherein we meet again.

Aroom.

THE WIDOW IN THE L.

It had been Mrs. Butterkin's doings, letting the L. Mr. Butterkin had objected to the project long, but mildly, as was becoming in the mild-humored husband of a "whimmy" wife. It was to tears that there seemed some foundation for her pet appreciation that her "blood relations" to water." Grievously tormented by [illegible] she longed for womanly sympathy, and on Mr. Ebbeson's decease, nothing but that his widow should sell her farm to the Butterkin L; for had not she been dear friends from girlhood? In due deliberation Mrs. Ebbeson had first secured a life lease of the

[illegible] woman was Ruth Ebbeson, as [illegible] be, her intemperate, worthless having left her barely enough to [illegible] meet. If she would lap them [illegible] it must be by her own exertions [illegible]. And as she sat cheerily by her invalid mother's couch, Mrs would often run in with beans to [illegible] pare, while of rainy [illegible] to his wife's suggestions, Mr. did many a neighborly turn in the [illegible]ry. The two families were al- [illegible] Indeed, the letting of the L. [illegible] arrangement for all parties to Mrs. Ebbeson to be rid [illegible] was well that her mother [illegible] of a physician.

[illegible] to Mrs. Butterkin's social companionship, and [illegible] to Mrs. Butterkin [illegible] Mr. Butterkin.

[illegible]on, bringing mental vigor [illegible] Mrs. Butterkin. She [illegible] in full health then [illegible]ng when she was prostrated by [illegible]sh stricken from the first.

[illegible] will it, Ruth, and I don't feel [illegible], she whispered, with dying grace: [illegible]'ll miss me, I know. You'll [illegible] him, won't you, dear, when I [illegible] him comfortable?"

[illegible]h a promise; but after [illegible] repent she found the [illegible] for in this sublunary [illegible] who "keeps her eye" [illegible] comment, [illegible]d the speech [illegible] she could [illegible] to Mr. Butterkin's com- [illegible]s not [illegible]ed [illegible] by the niece who [illegible] The door between the two [illegible]s, as formerly, stood [illegible] was heaped upon the [illegible] she could peep through it [illegible]tleman's absence, when [illegible] the inexperienced [illegible]ing his favorite dishes, or [illegible] relief of his fine [illegible] drives the old free- [illegible]. They were two [illegible]g father and [illegible] the widower's [illegible]ted months [illegible] have [illegible] was but a symbol [illegible]e care of [illegible] Mr. [illegible] Mrs. [illegible] glove has lost [illegible] has met with a [illegible] desires to fit the [illegible] they [illegible] virtually at [illegible] thus mentally [illegible] him. As far [illegible]e it apparent to [illegible] two odd ones, which [illegible]

[illegible] stand his head. [illegible] her, he had [illegible] sir, verily [illegible] he do them now [illegible]. And as day [illegible] fast. [illegible] truly [illegible] stared now, the [illegible] was only for his [illegible] a drive [illegible] whirled [illegible] one [illegible] July morn- [illegible] she, looking not [illegible] straight earthward at [illegible] and yon for the break- [illegible] of the flock bristled [illegible] eyes and "others [illegible] chickens that were not." [illegible] Mrs. Ebbeson?"

[illegible] on his way from the [illegible] Mr. Butterkin. I've [illegible] 'em up, but they [illegible] had been reared in [illegible] New England where hens [illegible] 'em?"

[illegible] Mr. Butterkin!" [illegible] the red [illegible] about [illegible] out," laughed [illegible] by folding the table cloth [illegible] but she had said it, [illegible] some offered to assist in [illegible] Why should he not? [illegible] first one and then [illegible] bound about the right [illegible] ing ankles, she was [illegible] and could not help being [illegible] ing, and they were [illegible] by.

[illegible] bed Mr. Butterkin. [illegible] to help Roxanna's [illegible] had [illegible] her friend, he [illegible] had thought about the [illegible] in the kindness of his [illegible] if the chickens' bran [illegible] low. He was going to the [illegible] mill?

[illegible] to say er- [illegible], I can take you [illegible] not," he added, as an after- [illegible] wildly bewildered at seeing [illegible] on her face as she hurriedly [illegible] had no errands.

[illegible] pail, in which the froth [illegible] the, he walked away with [illegible] He hoped Ruth hadn't [illegible] ing toward him. What could [illegible] up so? And then it oc- [illegible] that though he had asked her [illegible] was sure she had not ridden with [illegible] long while—not since—why, not [illegible] died! And his own face [illegible] the dawn of a new idea. Ruth [illegible] neighbors might talk. Strange [illegible] thought of it before. Dear! dear! [illegible] le woman she was!

[illegible] lonesomely along in the great [illegible] to carry two, and seemed [illegible] with one, he could not banish [illegible] mind, and he began gradually to [illegible] wonder why she had been in it of late, [illegible] her manner so distant these [illegible]? Was it fear of village gossip, [illegible] really dislike him? He wished he [illegible], he did wish he knew! and he [illegible] reins, unwittingly wounding the [illegible] his faithful roan, conscientiously [illegible] her best.

[illegible] in at his own gate, a rebellious [illegible] from Mrs. Ebbeson's hennery greeted [illegible]. Alas for his vain attempt to over- [illegible]al instinct! Hardly had he left [illegible] when the clucking Brahmas sought [illegible] where the little widow found them [illegible] bill, the scarlet anklelties hidden be- [illegible] the straw. Six times she dislodged [illegible] six times they reinstated themselves; [illegible] at noon there they sat brooding over [illegible] pile of bricks she had heaped in their [illegible], whisking their small round eyes at her [illegible] triumph! It was too much. Was an [illegible]ental woman to be outwitted by a couple [illegible] hens? The little widow renewed [illegible] conflict, but not daring to lay hands again [illegible] the belligerent bipeds, she resorted to [illegible] the dernier expedient of poking at them [illegible] the open window, thus affording to [illegible] Butterkin, as he rounded the corner, a [illegible] vision of agitated calico dancing [illegible] tracsed rake handle.

"What! setting again, Mrs. Ebbeson?"

[illegible] all lazy, till then unconscious of [illegible]'s proximity, hastily withdrew [illegible] the window and looked down [illegible] her [illegible] on an in- [illegible]

[illegible] incoherently, harrowed by fear lest she were displaying her ankles.

"Now, now, we must see about this," responded Mr. Butterkin, fishing in his pocket for a ball of twine he had bought that day for strapping the tomatoes, and meanwhile glancing over his shoulder, apparently to assure himself that the orchard was where it should be. He would have liked nothing better than to lift the little widow down, but his instinct told him she would prefer to descend by herself, unobserved, and he was a man capable of self-sacrifice. "We'll tie the hens to the fence," he added, presently, conscious of a thrill of delight as he pronounced the "we."

He knew himself better than in the early morning, and could not disguise the fact that he felt a personal satisfaction in entering into even the humblest partnership with Mrs. Ebbeson—a satisfaction evidently not shared by the Brahmas, who, resenting his continued interference, tore his coat mercilessly. It was a jagged rent, from pocket to hem in his Sunday garment too, which in Roxanna's time had never gone to the village on a week day; but who was there now to watch over Mr. Butterkin's apparel? Not Mrs Butterkin, surely, to whom the distinctions of dress were but as sounding brass and a tinkling cymbal.

"What a wicked, wicked shame!" cried Mrs. Ebbeson, in distress. "But I'll darn it just as well as I can."

"No, no, thank you; it's of no consequence," replied Mr. Butterkin, with manly indifference.

"But Esther can't mend broadcloth."

"Can't? You don't say so?"

Imbued with the masculine superstition that incapacity with the needle betokens idiocy, Mr Butterkin looked aghast.

"No; she's young, you know, and not used to sewing. Besides, I'm responsible for this rent. Let me tend to it, please."

He removed the garment without a word, his face flushing like mooseberries in autumn. Not at the thought that, since Esther was incapable, he must be indebted to the widow for past favors with the needle—indeed, he would have unblushingly declared that this was the first occasion since Roxanna's decease that garment of his had needed repair—but he felt a reluctance to being dependent upon Ruth for a menial service, when it was now the growing desire of his heart that she should lean upon him.

Seeing him color, Mrs. Ebbeson, out of sympathy, colored too, and such a vivid and glowing crimson that her mother at dinner mildly chided her for going out without her bonnet.

Busy over his coat that afternoon, Ruth naturally thought of Mr. Butterkin, while he, weeding the late turnips, recalled her blushes, and clumsily tried to analyze them. On the whole, he couldn't believe she went so far as to dislike him. And so night came, the mended coat hung in its place, and under the fence the undiscouraged Brahmas brooded over imaginary eggs. Next morning, they brooded there still, and there, had they been his own, might they have continued to brood, forgotten by Mr. Butterkin, who, as his late wife often said, complainingly, never charged his mind with hens; but these especial Brahmas possessed a peculiar interest as giving him audience with the charming widow. Accordingly, in the days that followed, he hovered about the luckless bipeds like a bird of prey. He bought the latest treatise on hens and patiently tried in succession all the experiments therein suggested for subduing the wills of obdurate setters, Mrs. Ebbeson assisting, as in common gratitude she must. This without producing the least effect upon the Brahmas. It was the widow that grew restive, conscious of the absurdity of Mr. Butterkin's sudden and ostentatious regard for fowls. She knew the very moment when his heart turned toward her, but whether hers inclined similarly toward him wasn't for her to say till he asked; yes, coy little woman, she gave him no chance to put the question.

And, such is human perversity, the more she seemed not to care for him, so much the more was Mr. Butterkin resolved that she should care for him. Before July was ended he had fully made up his mind, to propose, inwardly assured that his late wife would sanction the proceeding, not if she were returned to the flesh, of course, in that case he could not ask it; but as a shade she would not wish to stand between him and her beloved Ruth. Of Mr. Ebbeson's shade he scarcely thought, doubting, perhaps, whether a man on earth destitute of moral substance could at death attain the dignity of a heavenly shadow. But there is a vast difference between purposing to propose and proposing. Mr. Butterkin learned this to his chagrin after [illegible] abortive attempts at giving his frequent interviews with Mrs. Ebbeson a sentimental turn. At each advance of his she stood away as shyly as a girl, and in the [illegible] of her mother's couch was as much [illegible] while as if seated aloft in the chair of Cathedon. In regard to a written declaration of love, Mr. Butterkin would sooner have attempted an essay on protoplasm. August found him waiting for an opportunity. He, usually so prompt and unhesitating—the first gentleman of the town! The better he loved the widow, the more he despised himself, till one soft twilight, when the zephyrs were whispering tender thoughts to the leaves, he rose with desperate resolve, and strode boldly round to the open door of the L. Mrs. Ebbeson sat just within the sitting room, but he was too crafty to enter.

"If you'll kindly step this way a moment," he said, "I've another experiment we might try on those hens."

But having lured her to him, the next words were wide of the mark:

"I came to ask—that is, I wanted to know—in fact I wanted to have a serious talk with you."

She believed in free will, he in foreordination; but this "serious talk" would not savor of theology, she knew. She nervously essayed to confine it to poultry.

"Really, Mr. Butterkin, you take too much trouble about those hens. They—"

"Nothing I do for you, Ruth, is a trouble."

"They are fairly rheumatic from standing in that barrel of water, and for all that, they're not cured of setting."

"As I was saying, Ruth—"

"Don't say any more about 'em, Mr. Butterkin, I beg."

"I'm not speaking about hens, Ruth." Here Mr. Butterkin wiped his brow with his handkerchief—a widower's grimy kerchief. "I came to talk about you. Don't go. Your mother didn't call. Why won't you marry me, Ruth?"

She gave him a dozen reasons on the spot; but the fallacy of feminine logic being proverbial, Mr. Butterkin was not the man to heed them. At least this I know; before the snow came the widow Ebbeson had become Mrs. Butterkin, and frosty evenings she and her husband might have been seen carefully sheltering two late broods of chickens, for in the end the Brahmas had their way.—*Harper's Bazar.*

TO THE VOTERS OF COWLITZ AND WAHKIAKUM COUNTIES.

ILWACO, PACIFIC CO., W. T., Oct. 9.

The WEEKLY OREGONIAN of October 7th, 1876, contains an address to the independent voters of your counties, signed by M. S. Griswold, chairman of the committee on nominations for Pacific County Independent Convention. In this address Mr. Griswold says: "The avowed object of this candidate (C. A. Reed) is local legislation, the nature of which is understood to be a threat against property and vested rights." In Pacific county it is well understood that such a charge has no foundation in truth, and needs neither refutation nor comment from me; but in the counties of Cowlitz and Wakiakum, where I am not so well known, it is possible some might be found to credit Mr. Griswold's statement. I desire first to call your attention to the fact that Mr. Griswold, in making this charge leaves you altogether in the dark as to the nature or character of the proposed local legislation which he says is my avowed object. If there was even the shadow of foundation for such a charge, why does he not out with it like a man, so that you can get an intelligent understanding of the matter upon which to base your action at the polls on the 7th day of November next. But he studiously avoids any such explanation for fear of exposing the secrets of the little squad of men for whom he assumes to speak. The promiscuous jingle of words in which this gentleman indulges himself when he says "threats against property and vested rights," "French socialism," "American soil" and "the preponderance of a foreign vote," etc., bears the indelible impress of the political trickster and demagogue. In regard to the preponderance of the foreign vote in this county, such is not the fact, while it is true we have quite a number of citizens in this county of foreign birth, who are, as a class, industrious, useful and enterprising and who, in point of intelligence and integrity of character will bear favorable comparison with the average citizens of this county. And now, as to my avowed object; for it is true that I have one, and do not hesitate to say what that object is. As a [illegible] and citizen of Pacific county, my object [illegible] note the general prosperity of the county by giving proper encouragement to the development to each and every one of its rich and varied natural resources; to use my best endeavors to hasten the survey of agricultural lands and thereby open them up to actual settlers who come to cultivate the soil; to aid in the construction of public roads whenever they are found practicable, and in cases where there is too little local labor to insure their speedy construction, if there is no authority in law by which the county commissioners are justified in appropriating money, then I am in favor of legislation to enable them to do so in all cases where the advantages to be desired will fully justify the outlay. What I have said in regard to this matter is, and shall be my object for all the counties which comprise this council district. If elected to the office for which I am nominated, my object shall be first to make myself thoroughly acquainted with the legislative wants of the whole district, without regard to the particular county in which I happen to reside, especially with the great salmon fishing interests now only partially developed, the greater portion of which are located within the limits of this council district. I shall deem it my imperative duty to visit and consult representative men who are engaged in that branch of industry and solicit advice and information in regard to what legislation, if any, is necessary to secure its permanent prosperity. Having secured proper knowledge of the legislative wants of the district, you can rest assured that no effort shall be spared on my part, by all honorable means, to promote the best interests of the whole district.

C. A. REED.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 27, 1876

Gold in New York, 116⅝.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying 90½; selling 91¾.

Silver—Trade dollars, 92c; other coins, 956 90c.

Coin Exchange on San Francisco par.

Coin Exchange on New York ¾ per cent. premium.

Telegraphic transfers on New York 1 per cent. premium.

Currency Exchange on San Francisco ½ per cent. premium.

Gold Bars 775 par.

The activity prevalent in trade affairs has had the effect to throw a large amount of capital into the channels of general circulation, and while rates of interest on loans and discounts have not materially changed, borrowers have not the same control of the market which they held three or even two months ago. Money is in increased demand, and while the supply is ample to meet the exigencies of trade, opportunities for the investment of surplus funds for the time being, at least, are more frequent, and bankers and capitalists more readily find employment for their resources. While the market is by no means plethoric, there is no general feeling of stringency, or even of what might be termed closeness in monetary affairs. Aside from very considerable receipts of capital from San Francisco and Europe for investment in the wheat trade, the local banks are in a good condition, to assist shippers, and all necessary aid in moving the crop is easily obtainable, and will be forthcoming whenever the exporters and producers can be brought to view the situation from similar standpoints.

To-day there has been no important fluctuation in financial or trade circles, and except a tendency to greater firmness in some articles of produce, we have no change to note. Wheat is coming forward quite freely notwithstanding receipts have been somewhat checked by the excessive rains of the past few days.

The Grain Trade.

The unsettled state of affairs noted at the beginning of the week has so far resulted in but little actual permanent change in the ruling prices for breadstuffs either at home or abroad, and while exporters are apparently not pressing the market for purchases, they continue to take all fair lots at current rates, while occasionally a slight disposition to speculation shows itself and sanguine buyers advance prices to $1 37, which is, we believe, the highest figure paid for export. A great many people base strong hopes of a rise on the prospect of a European war, and while it is true that such a war would bring prices up, wheat is not the only thing that would advance. Freights and insurance would rise proportionately, so that the producer will not reap all the profits which the advance of wheat in the markets of Europe would seem to justify. On this subject the *Commercial News*, of San Francisco, says:

In case of a general European war a marked advance no doubt would be the case, but were Russia and Turkey to war would have but little effect upon the grain trade. Should Russia's surplus of wheat be kept from the European market the deficiency could be easily met without disturbing values to any extent, and it should be remembered that the crop in the Northwest has not yet come upon the market, and any advance on the other side would draw out large supplies from all the wheat growing sections east of the Rocky Mountains; while, as has been often proved, wheat at a price will always be shipped from many parts of the world not usually considered as wheat exporting countries. It is therefore reasonable to suppose that all the wants of the trade will be supplied without great fluctuations at this moment whatever be the future; any advance is purely speculative and unless England be drawn into the conflict, a speculation that is extremely likely to be a losing one.

The recent heavy rains have decreased the receipts at the principal warehouses up the valley, and as it is not likely that the roads will be in good condition for hauling before spring, it is said that of that which is still unmoved on the farm, and which embraces more than one-half of the crop, the larger portion will be held till spring.

Oats are offering pretty freely in the local market, and prices are rather weaker than three days ago. Buyers are making a marked difference in their offers for ordinary lots of what is known as common oats for stock feed and choice qualities suitable for grinding. Of the latter this State produced at the past harvest less than the usual proportion, and but few lots of such are now offering. The crop of the former was larger than last year, and the demand for feed purposes is amply supplied. Much of the crop which has reached this market lacks the brightness, and a good deal lacks also the weight which in former seasons made Oregon oats so readily merchantable in all the markets in which they were placed. This defect may have had its effect in producing the low rates prevailing, which, for ordinary to fair lots, range all the way from 40 to 45c per bushel.

Shipping Intelligence.

The steamship Ajax will sail for San Francisco at 6 o'clock to morrow morning.

The Br bark Downiemont from Australia with a cargo of coal consigned to Wm. Reid has arrived and is anchored in the stream.

The Br bark Elder Bank reached this port last night and is anchored off Greenwich dock.

The steamship Geo. W. Elder will leave San Francisco for this port to-morrow at the usual hour with freight and passengers.

EXPORTS.

Per steamship Ajax for San Francisco dispatched by the O. S. S. Co. Oct. 28th. 6,965 sacks flour, 1,883 sacks oats, 438 bales hops, 282 sks shorts, 224 sacks middlings, 162 bales wool, 125 cases canned fruits, 60 boxes eggs, 50 pkgs butter, 301 salt hides, 550 dry hides, 45 bdls calf skins, 22 bdls sheep skins, 72 bbls, 6 half bbls and 262 tins tallow, 509 bdls staves, 232 pkgs headings, 29 pkgs household furniture, 1 wagon, and 59 pkgs miscellaneous mdse.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

JOHN B. MILLER,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

No. 93 First St., National Bank Building,

Has just received a large and well selected stock of

Fine Gold and Silver Watches

Manufactured by the most Celebrated Makers in Europe and America. Also,

Watch Chains and Jewelry, Latest Styles, SILVER AND PLATED WARE.

CLOCKS of all descriptions known to the trade. Watches and Jewelry cleaned and repaired and warranted.

PIONEER WOOD YARD

FOOT OF YAMHILL STREET.

SORENSEN & TAYLOR.

ALL KINDS OF WOOD,

Sawed and unsawed, constantly on hand and delivered to any part of the City

$50 to $5,000 Invested in Stock Privileges pays large profits on limited liability. Speculators should call or write for our 72 page book, Men and Idioms of Wall street and Weekly Review of Wall st. Address, JOHN [illegible] & CO., Bankers and [illegible] Pine St., N.Y.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN POST-office at Portland, county of Multnomah, Oregon, Oct. 28, 1876. Persons calling for these letters must give the date on which they are advertised.

Ladies' List.

Arlington, Mrs Wm	Jones, Mrs Wm
Barrett, Mary E	Kelly, Mrs J M
Ball, Mrs Ingoue	
Barber, Miss Julia	Leotard, Mrs L
Brady, Mrs Edward	Maxwell, Lulu
Banks, Miss Marcellis	Morgan, Miss Nellie
Brown, Mrs Sa-y	McConkey, Miss N J
Castro, Mrs A E	Norman, Mrs Jane
Carter, Mrs Thos	Norton, Miss L A
Cannifver, Mrs M	
Cooper, Mrs T S	Phillips, Miss Esther
Fryer, Miss Hettie	Shinear, Mrs Belle
Galliher, Hattie	Sprenger, Miss Katie
Harding, Miss E	Wilson, Mrs J Z
Hayden, Miss Jane	Willingham, Mrs E
Heartman, Miss M E	Woodward, Mrs R L
Irwin, Mrs L J	Young, Mrs M
	Young, Miss Mary

Gentlemen's List.

Alden H K	Goss, S S	Portlance, J
Arlington, Wm	Goggins, J H	Parmentier, L
Admir, N D	Greenman, F W	Pittenger, T W
		Pearce, Ashby
Hefgen, Antony	Hawkins, A O	Quast, Edw
Best, Jos	Hinchman, A W	
Bahlman, E	Haley, Jack	Riles, John
Brewster, Wm	Handley, C J	Ross, W K
Bradley, John W		Rosmer, Adam
Bullinger, A B	Jones, John	Roberts, John
	Johnson, T	
Cannoron, C H		
Carney, Edw	Kinsey, Avram	Sims, L H
Carter, Wm	Kelly, Jas B	Shadde & Co
Cowan, Joseph		Smith, J W
Comstock, J S	Lauer, Chas	Smith, Geo W
Copten, G W	Ladyaidy, A	Smith, C A
Cooper, F S	Lewis, S G	Stoker, M
Colson, Adolphe	Lehlberger, H M	
Cronin, Jno A R	Litchfield, Mr	Tarrant, Wm
Cranmein, Mr		Tuddl, D
Chaet, Emil	Mang, H F	Tompkins, J J
Clarnet, F	Mathews, Rev S	Taylor, David F
Clark, Chas	Masterson, Bert	
Cullen, John W	Magnegan, Ed	Vickers, E
	Morgan, A C	
DeBoest, John	Morrow, Hon J L	Westfield, Geo
Darling, H L	Morse, Jas R	Weatfiered, W L
Dinneer, Tim	Murphy, J M	Weisenberg D
Diedericks H	Martin, Michael	Wisdom, Jno W
Dusher, Nick	Mottonhell, Jas	Wolf, W
	McKnhill, Peter	Wilson, E
Evans, Felix G		Williamson, A
Edgar, J H	O'Connor, J A	
		Zink, Joseph
Geiger, Wm	Pullon & Burnett	Zimmerman, P
Goodwin, Jas C	Pyffer, Chas	

GEO. E. COLE, P. M.

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The Most Celebrated

LAGER BEER

On this Coast, served Daily AT THE

BOCA SALOON,

Next Door to HOLTON HOUSE.

A. W. PIPER, Agent.

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FIRST & PINE STREETS.

BAVARIAN BEER HALLE.

Weinhard's and Steilacoom Beer.

Best Wines and Liquors,

Lunches to Order. Call and see me.

ADAM ZORN,
Oro Fino Building

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A. H. JOHNSON,

Stalls 26, 27 and 28 Central Market.

Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh Meat

PACKER OF BEEF AND PORK.

Highest Price paid for all kinds of Fat Stock.

JHNTS, SCHOTH,

Washington St., near Third,

Is prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.

Free delivery to any part of the city.

J. S. KEIJSER,

Cor. Madison and First Sts.,

Is prepared to supply F[illegible]

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

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E. H. GARLING,

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KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the city Free of Charge. Also, KOSHER BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON.

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J. K. GILL & CO.

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Greatly Reduced Prices

for the Next

30 Days.

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Millers & Exporters

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Regular Sale Days, Tuesday and Friday

A general assortment of Merchandise at private sale.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co

[illegible]

To Take Effect Sunday, Sept. 17, 1876, at 12 o'clock Noon.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY),

As follows:

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.		
Portland	7:30 A. M.	Roseburg	7:00 P. M.
Roseburg	5:00 A. M.	Portland	4:35 P. M.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)

As follows:

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.		
Portland	5:50 P. M.	Albany	8:25 P. M.
Albany	6:30 A. M.	Portland	10:05 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.		
Portland	6:15 A. M.	Junction	8:00 P. M.
Junction	5:45 A. M.	Portland	5:15 P. M.

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry [illegible] connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

Tickets for Sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's Office.

Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing

PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l Sup't.

E. P. ROGERS, Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

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KALAMA TO TACOMA.

DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Kalama	11:20 A. M.	Tacoma	5:00 P. M
Tacoma	7:00 A. M.	Kalama	12:40 P. M

CONNECTIONS

At Kalama with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats for all points on Columbia River.

At Tenino with [illegible] for Olympia.

At Tacoma with Steamers for Seattle, Olympia and all other points on Puget Sound.

On Saturday and Wednesday at 8 A. M. with steamers for Port Townsend, Victoria, Nanaimo, New Westminster and Fraser River.

Connecting Tri-Monthly with Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s Steamers from VICTORIA to SAN FRANCISCO.

Through fare from Portland to San Francisco:

Cabin.....$25 00 | Steerage.....$12 50

Through Tickets for sale at the office of the O. S. N. Co., Portland, Or.

J. W. SPRAGUE, General Ticket Agent.

H. W. FAIRWEATHER, General Passenger Agent.

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DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept, subject to Check at sight.

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits.

Coin & Currency Exchange

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Drawn in the usual way, for any sum desired, on

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THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND.

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D. Grant, President. HENRY FAILING, Cashier.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.

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PETER MACKIE ..... Commander

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at Foot of F street, for the above port

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1876,

At 6 o'clock A. M.

For Freight or Passage, apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.

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THE SPLENDID SIDE-WHEEL Steamship

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Passengers for San Francisco via Victoria will leave Portland per Steamer "BONITA" on

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THROUGH FARE, From Portland to San Francisco

Cabin.....$25 00 | Steerage.....$12 00

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Through Tickets sold to China, Sandwich Islands, Australia, New Zealand, Panama and New York.

OLYMPIA & VICTORIA!

ONLY THROUGH LINE!!

Sir. Eliza Anderson,

Leaves OLYMPIA and TACOMA for VICTORIA and Intermediate Ports, every Monday night.

RETURNING—Leaves VICTORIA every Wednesday, connecting with the Cars at Tacoma for Portland Thursday morning.

Also, Leaves OLYMPIA, Fridays, for PORT TOWNSEND and Way Ports.

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For reliable information, please address,

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[illegible] STEAMERS leave PORTLAND from the [illegible] Wharf, between Washington and Ash [illegible] as follows:

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For SALEM, and Way Landings, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

For Lightering and Towing of Vessels

Between Portland and Astoria apply at the Office of the Company, foot of Stark and Washington streets.

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Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

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[illegible] LEAVE PORTLAND FOR DALLES Daily, (except Sunday) at 6 o'clock A. M.

FOR WATERVILLE Tuesday and Friday at 6 A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—From Ash-st. wharf, Monday at 6 A. M.

FOR KALAMA, TACOMA AND SEATTLE—Daily (except Sunday), at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday) at 6 A. M.

For Salem, Dayton and Yamhill River—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

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"CITY OF SALEM"

Will Leave Ash-st. Wharf for

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WILL LEAVE FOOT OF ALDER STREET daily, Sunday excepted, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board.

Towing done between 10:30 A. M. and 2 P. M. daily, except Sundays.

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